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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER 8-28816

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	04/01/15 AND EN	
	MM/DD/YY	MM/DD/YY
A. 1	REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER - DEALER:		
Mesirow Financial, Inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
		FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE	SS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	
353 North Clark Street		
(No.	and Street)	
	Illinois	60654
	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON	ON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO T	HIS REPORT
Kristie P. Paskvan		312-595-6047
		(Area Code - Telephone No.)
В. А	ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whos	e opinion is contained in this Report*	
Deloitte & Touche LLP	•	
(Name -	if individual, state last, first, middle nam	ne)
111 South Wacker Drive Chicago	Illinois	60606-4301
(Address) (City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		
Certified Public Accountant		
Public Accountant		
Accountant not resident in United Star	tes or any of its possessions.	all in the second secon
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	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
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^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

MESIROW FINANCIAL, INC. (SEC I.D. No. 8-28816)

Statement of Financial Condition
As of March 31, 2016
and Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5(e)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as a Public Document

Deloitte.

Deloitte & Touche LLP 111 South Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606 USA

Tel: 1-312-486-1000 Fax: 1-312-247-3948 www.deloitte.com

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Mesirow Financial, Inc. Chicago, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Mesirow Financial, Inc. (the "Company") (a wholly owned subsidiary of Mesirow Financial Holdings, Inc) as of March 31, 2016, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting.

Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such statement of financial condition presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Mesirow Financial, Inc. as of March 31, 2016, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

May 26, 2016

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Statement of Financial Condition As of March 31, 2016

Assets

Cash	\$	711,000
Receivables from: Brokers, dealers and clearing organizations		496,000
Other		3,261,000
Deposits with clearing organizations		751,000
Securities owned, at fair value		384,876,000
Other assets		2,488,000
	_	
Total assets	\$=	392,583,000
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Liabilities:		
Payables to:		
Brokers, dealers and clearing organizations	\$	70,740,000
Other	,	120,000
Deferred Income		1,252,000
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value		179,241,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	_	20,367,000
	_	
Total liabilities		271,720,000
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, 1,000 Class A voting common shares and		
1,000 Class B non-voting common shares each \$1.00 par value;		
500 Class A voting shares issued and outstanding		500
Additional paid-in capital		32,426,500
Retained earnings	_	88,436,000
Total stockholders' equity		120,863,000
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Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$_	392,583,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this Statement of Financial Condition

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition As of March 31, 2016

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies that have been followed in preparing the accompanying Statement of Financial Condition is set forth below.

Nature of Business

Mesirow Financial, Inc. (the "Company") is a registered securities broker-dealer principally engaged in securities sales and trading, investment banking, retail brokerage and other related financial services. The Company provides services to closely held and mid-sized public and private businesses, as well as select institutions. The Company clears its institutional sales and trading activity on a fully-disclosed basis with Pershing LLC ("Pershing"). The Company clears its retail brokerage business on a fully-disclosed basis through National Financial Services, LLC ("NFS").

The Company has an agreement with Pershing to carry the proprietary accounts of the Company's institutional sales and trading business, and the cash and margin accounts of certain of the Company's customers introduced by the Company to Pershing, and to clear certain transactions on a fully disclosed basis for such accounts. As part of this agreement, Pershing also provides the processing and servicing of certain of the Company's customer accounts opened on the Pershing platform, communication and content services, access to account and financial information, securities trading and other incidental or related technology services.

The Company is 80% owned by Mesirow Financial Holdings, Inc. ("MFH") and 20% owned by Mesirow Financial Services, Inc. ("MFS"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of MFH.

Management Estimates

The preparation of the Statement of Financial Condition in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Statement of Financial Condition. The most significant estimates relate to the valuation of securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities Transactions

Proprietary transactions are reflected in the Statement of Financial Condition on a trade date basis.

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased are carried at fair value. Fair value is generally based on quoted market prices. If quoted market prices are not available, fair value is determined based on other relevant factors, including dealer price quotations or prices for equivalent instruments.

Receivables from / Payables to Brokers, Dealers and Clearing Organizations

Receivables from brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations primarily include amounts due from NFS for commissions and fees. Payables to brokers, dealers, and clearing organizations primarily consist of the Company's payable to Pershing, which includes the Company's margin borrowings collateralized by securities owned. Due to their short term nature, the amounts recorded approximate fair value.

Income Taxes

The Company is a member of a consolidated group for federal and state income tax purposes. A taxsharing arrangement between the Company and MFH provides for federal and state income taxes to be determined on a separate company basis. The Company's net deferred income tax asset, which relates primarily to deferred compensation, is settled with MFH concurrent with current tax liabilities.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (Continued)
As of March 31, 2016

Fair Value Measurements

Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820, Fair Value Measurement, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own
 judgments about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or
 liability.

The following outlines the valuation methodologies for the Company's significant categories of assets and liabilities:

<u>Equities</u> Equity securities are generally valued based on quoted prices from an exchange. To the extent these securities are actively traded, they are classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy, otherwise they are classified as Level 2 or 3. In instances when quoted prices are not available, fair values are generally derived using bid/ask spreads and these securities are generally categorized as Level 2.

U.S. government and agency securities U.S. treasury securities are valued using market prices obtained from actual market makers and inter-dealer brokers and are generally classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of agency issued debt securities is derived using market prices and recent trade activity gathered from independent dealer pricing services or brokers. To Be Announced ("TBA") mortgage-backed securities are generally valued using market prices obtained from actual market makers and inter-dealer brokers. Agency issued debt securities and TBAs are generally classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

<u>Corporate bonds</u> Corporate bonds are valued based on either the most recent observable trade and/or external quotes, depending on availability. Corporate bonds are generally classified as Level 2 or Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. In instances where significant inputs are unobservable, they are categorized as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

Municipal bonds The fair value of municipal bonds is derived using recent trade activity, market price quotations and new issuance activity. In the absence of this information, fair value is calculated using comparable bond credit spreads. Current interest rates, credit events, and individual bond characteristics such as coupon, call features, maturity, and revenue purpose are considered in the valuation process. These bonds are generally classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (Continued) As of March 31, 2016

Mortgage and asset-backed securities Mortgage and asset-backed securities are valued based on observable price or credit spreads for the particular security, or when price or credit spreads are not observable, the valuation is based on prices of comparable bonds or the present value of expected future cash flows. When estimating the fair value based upon the present value of expected future cash flows, the Company uses its best estimate of the key assumptions, including forecasted credit losses, prepayment rates, forward yield curves and discount rates commensurate with the risks involved, while also taking into account performance of the underlying collateral. Mortgage and asset-backed securities are classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy if external prices or credit spreads are unobservable or if comparable trades/assets involve significant subjectivity related to property type differences, cash flows, performance and other inputs; otherwise, they are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for securities categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined by the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Company's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Company uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many securities. This condition could cause a security to be reclassified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (Continued)
As of March 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

At March 31, 2016, the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value consist of the following:

	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		Total
Assets:						
Equities	\$ 4,404,000	\$	39,000	\$ •	\$	4,443,000
U.S. government and agency securities	128,000		94,325,000	•		94,453,000
Corporate bonds	-		40,077,000	309,000		40,386,000
Municipal bonds			227,342,000	4,000		227,346,000
Mortgage and asset-backed securities			18,246,000			18,246,000
Other	 2,000			 -		2,000
Securities owned	\$ 4,534,000	\$	380,029,000	\$ 313,000	<u>\$</u>	384,876,000
Liabilities:						
Equities	\$ 2,625,000	\$	•	\$ -	\$	2,625,000
U.S. government and agency securities	130,394,000		17,869,000	-		148,263,000
Corporate bonds	-		14,303,000	-		14,303,000
Municipal bonds	 -	_	14,050,000	 -	_	14,050,000
Securities sold, not yet purchased	\$ 133,019,000	\$	46,222,000	\$ -	\$	179,241,000

The table below presents quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs utilized by the Company in the fair value measurements of Level 3 assets.

· •		ir Value at ch 31, 2016	Valuation Techinque	Unobservable Inputs	Range (Weighted Average)	
Corporate Bonds	\$	309,000	Discounted cash flow	Final litigation settlement value	0% - 100% (24%)	
Municipal Bonds	\$	4,000	Discounted cash flow	Final litigation settlement value	29%	

The fair value of all other financial instruments reflected in the Statement of Financial Condition (consisting primarily of receivables from and payables to brokers, dealers, clearing organizations and customers) approximates the carrying value due to the short-term nature of the financial instruments and repricing policies followed by the Company.

NOTE 3 - CLEARING AGREEMENTS

Outstanding margin as of March 31, 2016 is collateralized by securities owned of \$384,876,000 and bears interest equal to the federal funds rate plus 75 basis points. As of March 31, 2016, the federal funds rate was 25 basis points.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (Continued) As of March 31, 2016

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLE FROM AND PAYABLE TO BROKERS, DEALERS AND CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS

At March 31, 2016 amounts receivable from and payable to brokers, dealers and clearing organizations include:

Receivables from clearing organizations for settled securities Other	\$ 444,000 52,000
Total Receivables	\$ 496,000
Payable to Pershing	\$ 70,648,000
Other	 92,000
Total Payables	\$ 70,740,000

NOTE 5 - CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business activities, the Company has been named as a defendant in various legal actions, including actions against underwriting groups of which the Company was a syndicate member. In view of the inherent difficulty of predicting the outcome of litigation and other claims, the Company cannot state with certainty the outcome of pending litigation or other claims. In the opinion of management, based on consultation with legal counsel, these actions will not result in any material adverse effect on the Company's Statement of Financial Condition.

In the normal course of business activities, the Company is subject to regulatory examinations or other inquires. These matters could result in censures, fines or other sanctions. Management believes the outcome of any resulting actions will not be material to the Company's Statement of Financial Condition. However, the Company is unable to predict the outcome of these matters.

In accordance with the Company's fully disclosed clearing agreements with Pershing and NFS, the Company is required to guarantee the performance of its customers in meeting contracted obligations. The Company seeks to control the risks associated with its customers' activities by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory and internal guidelines. The Company has not recorded any contingent liability on the Statement of Financial Condition as any potential future obligations are not quantifiable.

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company participates in a 401(k) savings plan of an affiliate (the "Plan") which covers all eligible employees, as defined in the Plan. Contributions to the Plan by employees are voluntary and will be matched by the Company at a rate of fifty percent of the first six percent of compensation up to a maximum of \$3,000.

NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company pays MFH for management services in accordance with formal agreements.

The Company uses office facilities that are leased by MFH and furniture, equipment (including computer and software related assets) and leasehold improvements owned by MFH.

As of March 31, 2016, other assets include a receivable from MFH of \$1,584,000, primarily for income tax related balances. In addition, as of March 31, 2016, accounts payable and accrued expenses include a payable to MFH of \$957,000, relating to the intercompany transactions described above.

From time to time, the Company pays dividends to its stockholders. Such dividends may require regulatory approval and may be limited by the Company's net capital at the time of the dividend. The Company did not pay a dividend to its stockholders for the year ended March 31, 2016.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (Continued)
As of March 31, 2016

NOTE 8 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISK AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into transactions in financial instruments with varying degrees of off-balance-sheet risk. These financial instruments include TBAs. The trading of these financial instruments is conducted with other registered broker-dealers located in the United States. These financial instruments involve elements of off-balance sheet market risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the Statement of Financial Condition. Market risk is the potential change in value of the financial instrument caused by unfavorable changes in interest rates or the fair values of the securities underlying the instruments. The Company monitors its exposure to market risk through a variety of control procedures, including daily review of trading positions.

TBAs provide for the delayed delivery of the underlying instrument. The credit risk for TBAs is limited to the unrealized market valuation gains/losses recorded in the Statement of Financial Condition.

The Company may hedge a portion of its fixed income trading inventories with options, exchange traded financial futures contracts, and TBAs. The contractual amount of these instruments reflects the extent of the Company's involvement in the related financial instrument and does not represent the risk of loss due to counterparty nonperformance. The extent of utilization of these financial instruments is insignificant to the Company's Statement of Financial Condition.

Securities sold, not yet purchased represent obligations of the Company to deliver specified securities at the contracted price, and thereby create a liability to purchase the securities in the market at prevailing prices. These transactions may result in off-balance sheet risk as the Company's ultimate liability to satisfy its obligation for securities sold, not yet purchased may exceed the amount recognized in the Statement of Financial Condition.

To minimize the potential impact of counterparty nonperformance and market exposure in connection with its transactions in financial instruments, the Company monitors the credit standing of each counterparty with whom it does business. It also marks to fair value all customer and proprietary positions on a daily basis and monitors margin collateral levels for compliance with regulatory and internal guidelines, requesting and obtaining additional cash margin or other collateral when deemed appropriate.

Under the terms of the Company's agreements with its clearing agents, the Company has agreed to indemnify the independent licensed brokers for customers introduced by the Company that are unable to satisfy the terms of their contracts. The Company monitors its customer activity by reviewing information it receives from its clearing agents, and seeks to control the aforementioned risk by requiring representatives to compensate the Company for nonperformance by its customer.

NOTE 9 - REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

The Company, as a registered broker-dealer, is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") Uniform Net Capital Rule. Under this rule, the Company has elected to operate under the "alternative method", whereby the Company is required to maintain "net capital" of \$250,000 or two percent of "aggregate debit items", whichever is greater, as these terms are defined. At March 31, 2016, the Company has net capital and a net capital requirement of approximately \$80,200,000 and \$250,000, respectively.

The Company claims an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 of the SEC related to customer reserve requirements under 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) as all customer transactions are cleared through NFS or Pershing on a fully disclosed basis.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition (Continued) As of March 31, 2016

NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In accordance with the provisions set forth in FASB ASC 855, Subsequent Events, the Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date the Statement of Financial Condition was issued, and has determined that there were no material events that would require adjustment to or disclosure herein, except as follows:

On May 17, 2016, the Company paid dividends totaling \$10,000,000 to its stockholders, MFH and MFS

Deloitte.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

The Board of Directors and Stockholders of Mesirow Financial, Inc. Chicago, Illinois

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended March 31, 2016, which were agreed to by Mesirow Financial, Inc. (the "Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the Form SIPC-7. The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries, noting no differences.
- 2. Compared the total revenue amounts of the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended March 31, 2016, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended March 31, 2016, noting no differences.
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no differences.
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments, noting no differences.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

(33-REV 7/10)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300 General Assessment Reconciliation

(33-REV 7/10)

For the fiscal year ended 3/31/16 (Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Apurposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:		egistration no. and month	in which fiscal year ends for of the information shown on the
0288 16 FINRA N MESIROW FINANCIAL II	1AR NC	mailing label	requires correction, please e-mail ns to form@sipc.org and so
353 NORTH CLAPY ST		Name and te	lephone number of person to ecting this form.
CHICAGO, IL 60654-4	1704	CHES	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2) B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude in 10127115 Date Paid C. Less prior overpayment applied D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment) E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction in the second interest due (or G. PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above)	nterest) ction E) forda coverpayment carried	ys at 20% per annum	\$ 238,42 109,482 128,939 \$ 128,939
H. Overpayment carried forward	\$(·)
3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in	this form (give name	and 1934 Act registratio	n number):
The SIPC member submitting this form and the		A	l a
person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.			TNCIAL INC.
and complete.		Marine	Signature
Dated the 17th day of 10th . 20 16.		<u>Cfo</u>	
This form and the assessment payment is due 60 of for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 y		f the fiscal year. Retain	
Dates: Postmarked Received	Reviewed		
Dates: Postmarked Received Calculations Exceptions: Disposition of exceptions:	Documentation		Forward Copy
Exceptions:			
Disposition of exceptions:			

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Amounts for the fiscal period beginning 411/15 and ending 3/31/16

Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	\$ 99,462,661
Additions: (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.	
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.	
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.	
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.	W. C.
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	
Total additions	
2c. Deductions: {1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.	,
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.	
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.	867,669
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.	
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.	
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.	
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).	
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):	
(Deductions in excess of \$100,000 require documentation)	
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income. \$	
of total interest and dividend income. (ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960). \$\frac{3,226,438}{3b,193}\$	2
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)	<u> 3,226, 438</u>
Total deductions	4,094,107
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	\$ 95, 36B, 554
2e. General Assessment @ .0025	\$ 238, 42 (to page 1, line 2.A.)